



EEI Study 2013-2014

Gauging the economic impact of parks and recreation areas

Introduction

- Scott Mundt Research Intern, Visit Eau Claire
- Michael Strubel Director of Sales and Events,
 Visit Eau Claire
- Estimated Economic Impact Study
- Year long study of parks and events
- Gauge most popular parks, events, facilities
- Find which areas need more exposure to assure continued use





Objectives

- Target events throughout 2013-2014
- Eau Claire parks, other facilities, and events
- Determine estimated economic impact of events
- Find possible improvements based on results
- Expose what may attract more residents, and visitors to facilities
- Gain a better understanding of where money is being spent in Eau Claire
- Which facilities are most popular
- How to better market parks and facilities to residents and visitors





Methodology

- Research Design
 - iPad application: Device Magic
 - Mobility at each event
 - App allowed for compiling results, and generating reports





Methodology

- Data Collection
 - Utilization of Device Magic App, Google Drive and NASC Calculator
 - People strolling the crowd/Asking at FP Booth
 - Promotional materials as incentive
 - Final prize drawing
 - Challenges Data collection
 - Results put into spreadsheet on Google Drive and NASC Calculator





NASC Calculator

- 10 Years of Data
- Over 50 Events
- Various Market Sizes (Small to Large)
- University of Arizona Sports Management Program

NASC ECONOMIC IMPACT CALCULATOR CALCULATING DIRECT SPENDING BY EVENT SPECTATORS - Page 1 * Enter numbers and decimal points only. NO text or special characters such as commas or percent signs. * Enter percentages as whole number, not as decimal (i.e. when entering 95%, enter as 95 not .95). Please enter the following 7 pieces of information: (1) Unique Event Spectators (2) Perecentage of Non-Local Unique Event Spectators Enter percentages as whole number, not as decimal (i.e. when entering 95%, enter as 95 not .95) (3) Percentage of "Primary" Non-Local Event Spectators Enter percentages as whole number, not as decimal (i.e. when entering 95%, enter as 95 not .95) (4) Average Party Size Event spectators only, exclude participants (5) Average Length of Stay (6) Percentage of Non-Local Parties Using a Local Hotel Enter percentages as whole number, not as decimal (i.e. when entering 95%, enter as 95 not .95) (7) Percentage of Non-Local Parties Using a Local Rental Car Enter percentages as whole number, not as decimal (i.e. when entering 95%, enter as 95 not .95)





Methodology

- Sampling Methodology
 - Random sample: local/non-local
 - Sampling frame was only people at the event
 - Sample size was people in attendance
 - Wide range of diversification with:
 - Age
 - Group size
 - Visiting from
 - Money spent



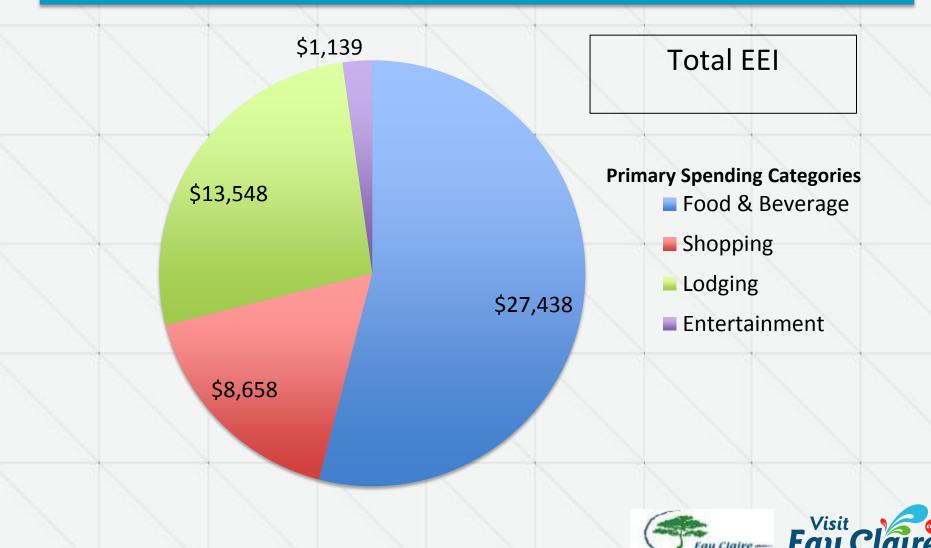


Event Highlights

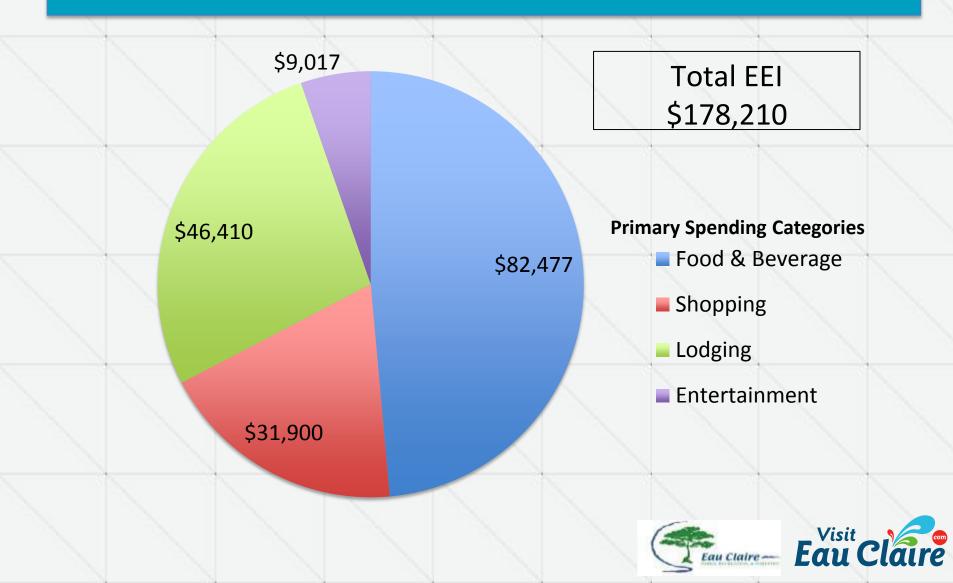




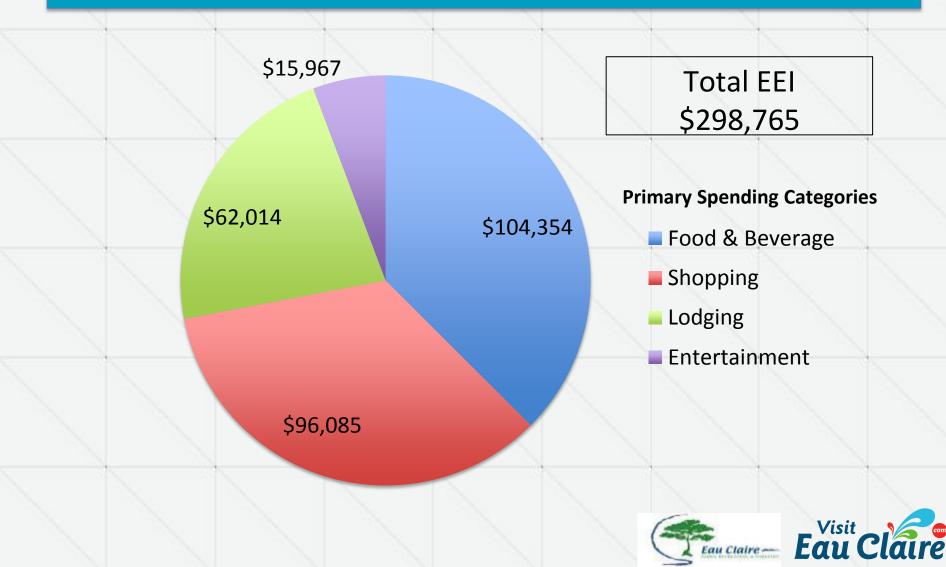
Category Spending at US Kubb Championships



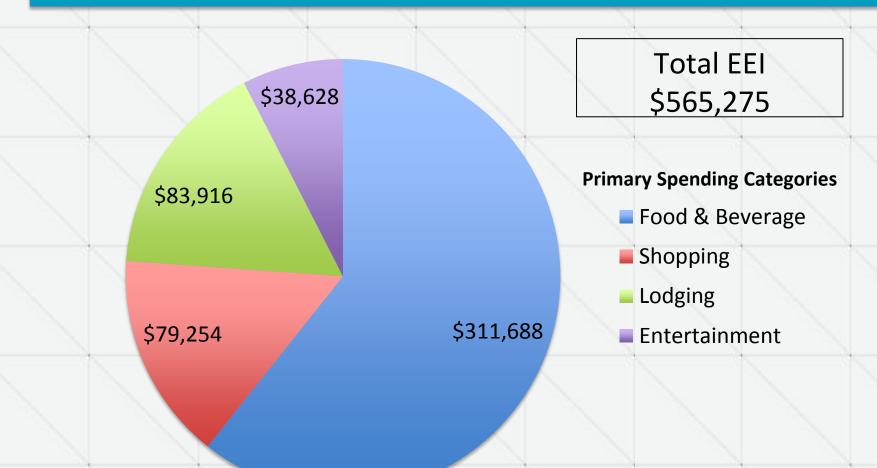
Category Spending at EC United Tournament



Category Spending at Gus Macker Tournament



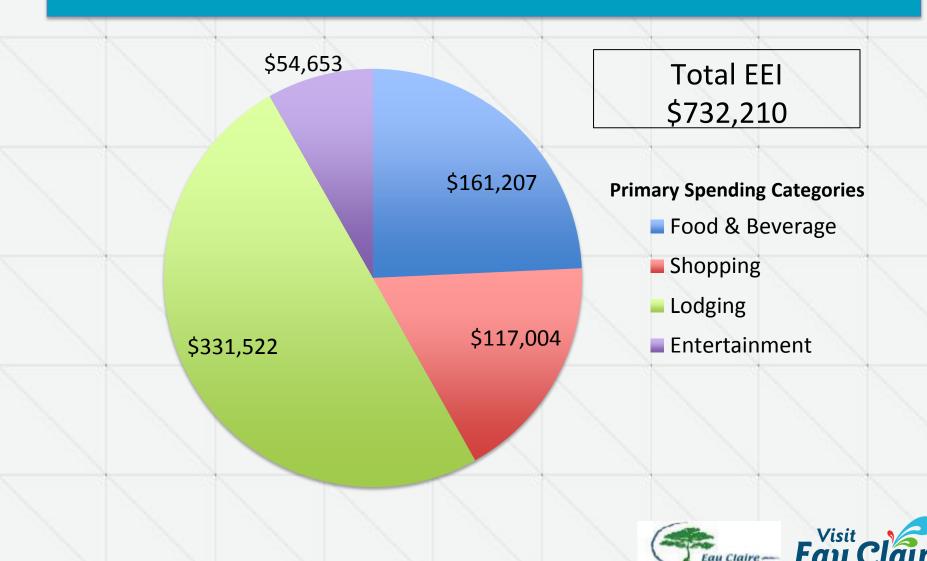
Category Spending at ECYH Hughes Tournament







Category Spending at EC Fast Pitch Tournament



Final Summary/Conclusions

- Total of 31 events were attended
- Average \$118,368 per event
- Youth and adult summer to
- most popular
 28,676 attendees, 892 people surveyed, 3% response rate
- Margin of error: ±3.3%
- Total estimated economic impact



